## Global Affairs (political, economic, social and environmental problems in the current world)

**Evaluation:** Only correct answers are counted. 1. Which of the following territories never had the status of a British colony? 1 Select one from the following options. a) Rhodesia b) Falkland Islands c) Tunisia 2. What is historically true of the Uyghurs and Tibetans? 1 Select one from the following options. a) both nations had their own coherent identity and political entities for centuries b) the Tibetans, unlike the Uyghurs, did not begin to develop a separate identity from the Chinese until the late 19th century c) unlike the Tibetans, the Uyghurs do not have such a long and clearly defined national history 3. Which of the following African countries was not colonized? Select one from the following options. a) Guinea-Bissau b) Ethiopia c) Algeria d) Chad 4. Which country was referred to as the "Sick man of Europe" in the 19th century? 1 Select one from the following options. a) Germany b) Austria-Hungary c) the Ottoman Empire d) the Russian Empire 5. Which ASEAN member is often considered pro-China, even when it comes to South China Sea disputes? 1 Select one from the following options. a) Vietnam b) Indonesia c) the Philippines d) Cambodia 6. What is a "junta"? 1 Select one from the following options.

a) a specific African type of government

c) a different name for a federation

b) military government

7.	The main colonial powers operating in the Middle East were the following states:	1
	Select one from the following options.	
	a) France, Great Britain, Russia b) France, Great Britain, the Netherlands	
	c) France, the Netherlands, Russia	
	d) France, Great Britain, Belgium	
8.	Which theory discusses the concept of power as one of the most important characteristics of international relations?	1
	Select one from the following options.	
	a) Constructivism	
	b) Liberalism	
	c) Idealism	
	d) Realism	
9.	Which conflict is the name Yasser Arafat associated with?	1
	Select one from the following options.	
	a) the Israeli-Palestinian conflict	
	b) Arab spring	
	c) the Iran-Iraq war	
	d) the Algerian civil war	
10.	Which territory in Africa was never colonized by European powers?	1
	Select one from the following options.	
	a) Nigeria	
	b) Liberia	
	c) Sudan	
11.	What is the approximate population of Latin America and the Caribbean:	1
	Select one from the following options.	
	<ul><li>a) 450 million</li><li>b) 650 million</li></ul>	
	c) 250 million	
	d) 950 million	
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12.	Which of the following organizations is not an integration project in Latin America?	1
	Select one from the following options.	
	a) UNASUR	
	b) CELAC	
	c) ASEAN	
	d) MERCOSUR	
	a) MERCOUOR	
13.	Which of the following Middle Eastern countries is a member of NATO?	1
	Select one from the following options.	
	a) Israel	
	b) Saudi Arabia	
	c) Turkey	
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	d) Cyprus	
14.	What is the area of environmental pollution that the Chinese government is most concerned about?	1
	Select one from the following options.	
	<ul><li>a) threats to biodiversity</li><li>b) air pollution</li><li>c) climate change</li></ul>	
15.	Which of the following cannot be considered a reason for the establishment of ASEAN?	1
	Select one from the following options.	
	<ul> <li>a) ASEAN served as a counterweight to the spread of communism in the region</li> <li>b) ASEAN served as a mechanism to counterbalance Indonesia's regional hegemonic intentions</li> <li>c) ASEAN members wanted to follow the EU model of creating a supranational entity and transferring part of their national sovereignty to this entity</li> <li>d) ASEAN wanted to promote cooperation among its member countries</li> </ul>	
16.	Which of the following Middle Eastern countries experienced civil war during the 20th century?  Select one from the following options.	1
	<ul><li>a) Bahrain</li><li>b) Lebanon</li><li>c) Egypt</li><li>d) Jordan</li></ul>	
17.	Political reforms in China:	1
	Select one from the following options.	
	<ul><li>a) have only taken place to a limited extent in recent decades</li><li>b) were accelerated after the accession of President Xi Jinping</li><li>c) were accelerated after 1989</li></ul>	
18.	The sovereignty of which of the following territorial entities is not generally recognized by the international community?	1
	Select one from the following options.	
	<ul><li>a) Papua New Guinea</li><li>b) Cape Verde</li><li>c) Malta</li><li>d) Western Sahara</li></ul>	
19.	What doesn't apply to Mao Zedong?	1
	Select one from the following options.	
	<ul><li>a) in China, he is still seen as the founder of the state</li><li>b) his historical role in China is often publicly criticized for disastrous economic policies</li><li>c) during his rule, the state often used repression and massive mobilization campaigns</li></ul>	
20.	What were the economic consequences of the Tiananmen Square massacre in 1989?  Select one from the following options.	1
	a) after a short period of recession, China returned to the process of economic reform and opening up to the world	

	<ul><li>b) the process of reform and opening up to the world was stopped</li><li>c) the country became internationally isolated and had to find alternative export markets</li></ul>	
21.	The status of women in China after the rise of the Communist Party  Select one from the following options.	1
	<ul><li>a) has gradually improved, although discrimination and disadvantage still exist</li><li>b) has radically improved thanks to the egalitarian ideology and the differences between men and women in principle have ceased to exist</li><li>c) has worsened due to the overall low level of human rights in the country</li></ul>	
22.	What are "Malay lands"?	1
	Select one from the following options.	
	<ul> <li>a) Malaysia, Thailand, Indonesia</li> <li>b) Indonesia, Malaysia, the Philippines</li> <li>c) Thailand, the Philippines, Indonesia</li> <li>d) Thailand, Malaysia, the Philippines</li> </ul>	
23.	Since 1997, Hong Kong has been:	1
	Select one from the following options.	
	<ul> <li>a) a territory with an unclear status, as China does not accept its independence, to which it has pledged</li> <li>b) part of China with a status similar to other important cities like Shanghai or Tianjin, which are under the direct control of the central government and at the level of other provinces</li> <li>c) part of China with a special status guaranteeing a high degree of autonomy, similar to Macau</li> </ul>	
24.	Which state is not a permanent member of the UN Security Council?	1
	Select one from the following options.	
	a) Russia	
	b) Germany c) France	
	d) United Kingdom	
25.	Which of the following countries was not part of the (Triple) Entente alliance group?	1
	Select one from the following options.	
	a) the USA	
	b) France c) the Ottoman Empire	
26.	Which African country is not a cocoa producer?	1
	Select one from the following options.	
	a) Ivory Coast b) Cameroon	
	c) Ghana	
	d) Rwanda	
27.	The country with the second largest population in Latin America is:	1
	Select one from the following options.	
	a) Colombia	

	b) Mexico c) Brazil d) Argentina	
28.	Augusto Pinochet was a dictator in:	1
	a) Mexico b) Peru c) Chile d) Argentina	
29.	In which country was a special criminal tribunal established to resolve the conflict?	1
	Select one from the following options.	
	<ul><li>a) Democratic Republic of the Congo</li><li>b) Rwanda</li><li>c) Syria</li></ul>	
30.	The name of the greatest Colombian guerrilla of the past is:	1
00.	Select one from the following options.	•
	<ul><li>a) EZLN</li><li>b) Comando Vermelho</li><li>c) FARC</li><li>d) Shining Path</li></ul>	
31.	Resilience is one of the two levels of ecological stability of ecosystems. Resilience represents:	1
	Select one from the following options.	
	<ul><li>a) the ability of ecosystems to replace stable elements with unstable elements</li><li>b) the ability of ecosystems to resist changes in ecological factors</li><li>c) the ability of ecosystems to remain in a new altered state after disturbance</li><li>d) the ability of ecosystems to return to their original state after disturbance</li></ul>	
32.	The objectives of the United Nations Forum on Forests do NOT include:	1
	Select one from the following options.	
	<ul> <li>a) to provide for continued policy development and dialogue among governments, international organizations, including major groups</li> <li>b) to create a network of timber-cutting organizations and private companies to maximize deforestation</li> <li>c) to facilitate the implementation of forest-related agreements and foster a common understanding of sustainable forest management</li> </ul>	
	d) to enhance cooperation and policy and program coordination on forest-related issues	
33.	Which 3 crops provide almost half of calories people consume worldwide?	1
	Select one from the following options.	
	<ul><li>a) wheat, corn, bananas</li><li>b) rice, cassava, sugar cane</li><li>c) corn, rice, cassava</li><li>d) rice, wheat, corn</li></ul>	

#### 34. Thermal pollution of water:

Select one from the following options.

- a) has little effect on smaller aquatic organisms
- b) is linked to agricultural run-off
- c) decreases the amount of dissolved oxygen
- d) only impacts the respiration of fishes and other aquatic animals

#### 35. How can an ecosystem be defined?

Select one from the following options.

- a) a system of only biotic components, which are connected by the exchange of substances, the flow of energy, and the transmission of information
- b) a system of biotic and abiotic components, which are connected by the exchange of substances, the flow of energy, and the transmission of information
- c) a combination of biotic and abiotic components with no connections or energy flows
- d) a system of only abiotic components, which are connected by the exchange of substances, the flow of energy, and the transmission of information

#### 36. "The Tragedy of the Commons" refers to:

Select one from the following options.

- a) an analogy describing the conflict between individual interest and management of shared resour-
- b) an economic theory promoting private ownership of lands and resources
- c) an environmental theory promoting public ownership of lands and resources
- d) events impacting the common people, particularly farmers, of developing countries

#### 37. What process in the landscape do we refer to as erosion?

Select one from the following options.

- a) the movement of water vapor in the atmosphere
- b) the ability of the ecosystem to return to its original development trajectory
- c) the action of water, wind or ice, which consists in disturbing the soil surface, transporting soil particles and in their accumulation in another place
- d) the loss or weakening of the natural functions of ecosystems

### 38. A relatively distinct terrestrial region characterized by similar temperature and precipitation regardless of where it occurs in the world is called a/an:

 $Select\ one\ from\ the\ following\ options.$ 

- a) habitat
- b) ecosystem
- c) population
- d) biome

#### 39. The asset base of the company is created by these groups of assets:

Select one from the following options.

- a) receivables for subscribed capital, fixed assets, current assets, other assets
- b) own and external assets
- c) fixed assets, current assets including liabilities, other assets
- d) fixed assets, current assets including receivables for subscribed capital, other assets

Global Affairs (political, economic, social and environmental problems in the current world)

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40.	Factors affecting food demand do not include:	1
	a) the length of the production cycle b) consumer preferences c) consumer income	
	d) the price of the substitutes	
41.	Which of the balance of payments operations increases the supply of foreign currency:	1
	Select one from the following options.	
	<ul><li>a) fiscal operations</li><li>b) lateral operations</li><li>c) debit operations</li><li>d) credit operations</li></ul>	
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42.	Countries are usually classified as less or more developed depending on	1
	Select one from the following options.	
	<ul><li>a) the poverty rate</li><li>b) per capita income level</li></ul>	
	c) the character of the goods produced	
	d) the literacy rate	
43.	Natural person entrepreneurs include:	1
	Select one from the following options.	
	<ul> <li>a) a person who does business based on a trade license</li> <li>b) a person who is a partner in a limited liability company</li> <li>c) a person who must be entered in the commercial register</li> <li>d) a person who is a shareholder of a joint stock company</li> </ul>	
44.	Which dimension is not part of the so-called Porter's Diamond:	1
11.	Select one from the following options.	-
	<ul> <li>a) Supporting and related industries</li> <li>b) Corporate strategy, structure, rivalry</li> <li>c) Demand-side conditions</li> <li>d) The differential in the salary conditions of the given sector</li> </ul>	
45.	The specifics of forestry production do not include:	1
	Select one from the following options.	
	<ul> <li>a) all answers characterize the specifics of forestry production</li> <li>b) different participation of the forest in the production process</li> <li>c) specific demands on habitat properties</li> <li>d) exceptionally long production time</li> </ul>	
46.	The amount of developing country cash required to purchase a basket of goods and services in a developing country that would cost one dollar in the United States of America is given by  Select one from the following options.	1
	<ul><li>a) the ranking of the country in the Human Development Index</li><li>b) purchasing power parity</li></ul>	

47.	The general calculation formula is used to determine the price:	1
	Select one from the following options.	
	<ul><li>a) cost oriented</li><li>b) skimming</li><li>c) accepted by the customer</li><li>d) demand oriented</li></ul>	
48.	The net turnover for the accounting period can be determined as:	1
	Select one from the following options.	
	<ul><li>a) the sum of revenues in the financial area</li><li>b) the difference between revenues and costs in the operating area</li><li>c) the sum of revenues from the operating area</li><li>d) the sum of all income items of the profit and loss statement</li></ul>	
49.	The assumption of the Harrod-Domar growth model is that	1
	Select one from the following options.	
	<ul><li>a) the capital-output ratio is given as the change in Y/K.</li><li>b) developing countries save too much and invest too little</li><li>c) growth can only be maintained if agricultural productivity increases</li><li>d) growth is primarily determined by capital accumulation</li></ul>	
50.	Which of the following is a prerequisite for the Lewis dual-sector model?	1
	Select one from the following options.	
	<ul><li>a) increasing wages in cities</li><li>b) the declining marginal labour product in rural areas</li><li>c) the surplus of labour in rural areas</li><li>d) high unemployment rates in the urban modern sector</li></ul>	

c) the GDP deflatord) the exchange rate

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44. Which dimension is not part of the so-called Porter's Diamond: 1 • The differential in the salary conditions of the given sector 45. The specifics of forestry production do not include: 1 • all answers characterize the specifics of forestry production 46. The amount of developing country cash required to purchase a basket of goods and services in a deve-1 loping country that would cost one dollar in the United States of America is given by • purchasing power parity 47. The general calculation formula is used to determine the price: 1 cost oriented 48. The net turnover for the accounting period can be determined as: 1 • the sum of all income items of the profit and loss statement 49. The assumption of the Harrod-Domar growth model is that 1 • growth is primarily determined by capital accumulation 50. Which of the following is a prerequisite for the Lewis dual-sector model? 1 • the surplus of labour in rural areas